

Means County Monitor.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Beautiful Snow, Peterson Brothers, Philadelphia. Wanted, J. B. Burr & Hartford, Conn. Centaur Liniment, J. Burr & Co., Hartford, Conn. Work, cattle for sale, O. C. Steam Mill, South Barton, Shadrack Ordway's, etc. Note lost, Elisha Foster, Barton, Ind.

Local News.

ALBANY.

Clark, Luther Delano; Selectmen, James Johnson, A. E. Eldridge, N. M. King; Treasurer, John Tenney; Overseer of the Poor, Lyman Tenney, Constable, C. M. Miles; Licenser, John Chamberlain, John Hovey, E. G. Carter; Auditors, Lawrence, J. C. Dow, Hiram Chaffee; and Jurors, Chester Hyde, Levi Row, Agent, John Chow; Superintendent, schools, Dr. Parker. Paid for breakfasts \$832 since last March meeting.

BARTON.

Another half-foot of the "beautiful," accompanied by a tremendous blow. Lecture to-morrow night at White church, by Gen. W. W. Grout, on "Rob. Burns." Those who did not hear lecture when it was delivered here, will lose a good thing if they come. Come out. Also come Friday night and hear J. S. Dorman North Troy. Subject, "Our Great Republic." Mr. Dorman is said to be one of the very best speakers in the country.

The lecture last Monday evening was O. S. Dorman of Newport instead of North Troy, as stated in our last. Mr. Dorman related to a full house a story of adventures and incidents attending his "Round the Horn to California," was so full of bold and hazardous undertakings that it could not help exciting the wonder and admiration of all who heard it. It was, to our mind, one of the very best of the course, and those who did not hear it lost something better than all the circuses and minstrel troupes that travel.

Comical Brown's show Friday evening, was one of the most comical things that passed this way; and, as he says his bills, "knocks all one-horse shows over a kite." Mr. A. Howard Eaton, the sweet-toothed balladist, is as good as the sentimental as Brown is on the comical. If you want to laugh and grow fat don't fail to go to this show whenever you get a chance. During the evening he made the remark that our all needed raising, and told how to do with a couple of barrels of nitro-glycerine. We concur with him in the fact.

The following is the record of the grand school at the Landing the past term: In the first department four had never tardy or absent marks. Smith Galp, the youngest pupil in school missed words in spelling. There was but one writing book in which was found dots, out of some twenty or twenty-five, were quite a number of them. No had but one or two marks against their names, and they were obliged to be absent on account of sickness. The school numbered thirty; average attendance 26. D. E. Curtis, teacher. In the second department, of thirty, few pupils the average attendance was twenty-nine, with only thirty instances tardiness. Seven received no marks; twenty-one had no tardy marks; five were tardy only once. One boy, six years of age, Freddie Parker, is especially deserving of notice for meriting reproof during the entire term. This department was taught by Mrs. P. Joslyn.

L. Milton Marsh—Missionary of the American Sabbath School Union, who has labored for 13 years in Wisconsin establishing new Sabbath Schools in the destitute portions of that state, will address the people of Glover and Barton next Sabbath, March 23, as follows:—At the morning at Glover village, in the afternoon at Barton, in the evening at Glover. Mr. Marsh's address will be a familiar rehearsal of the Sabbath school work in the destitute regions of the Great West, embracing an account of his own personal work for these years and the existing need and the success which missionary effort in this field and recreation is meeting. He asks the attention of the friends of the Sabbath school cause to this statement based upon experience. A collection will be taken at the close of his address, and it is earnestly hoped the reputation of these villages for generous cheerful giving worthy and needy Benevolent Societies will be cheerfully sustained.

BROWNINGTON.

S. R. Jenkins has sold his place at Center to Ezekiel Miles for \$1900. Homer Bradley has sold his farm to Albert and E. S. Wells for \$1300, and his personal property at auction March 23.

CHARLESTON.

Comfort Chaffee has removed from Westfield, having sold his farm here to Mr. Frye. The last lecture of the course was delivered on Friday evening, March 7th, Maj. Grout of Newport, and was an elegant tribute to the chief of journalists, Horace Greeley.

The ladies of West Charleston are arranging for a festival at the church, on Sunday eve, March 18th. Some time will be spent in singing, recitations, tableaux, &c. Supper will be served in the Vestry. Fifty cents admits to the entire entertainment. The funds are to be used for refurbishing the church. A good time may be expected and all are cordially invited.

SHEFFIELD.

Hiram Jeuneus has sold his village property to Isaac Pearl for \$1100.

Two were received into full membership in the M. E. church Sunday, March 24.

Williams & Jenness of Lyndonville, have removed to Sheffield. They will carry on their meat business as usual at Lyndonville.

An oyster supper will be given at the M. E. church, Thursday eve., March 21, under the auspices of the Ladies Mite Society.

COVENTRY.

Two young men of this place, wearing good cloth, became so intoxicated a few Sabbaths since as to be unable to walk the streets without holding each other up. Drunken men in the streets have ceased to be a wonder in this place.

S. S. Kendall, for many years a resident of this town, has moved to Barton, and the church choir have lost a man on whom they have long leaned as chorister, and are now waiting for a man to fill his place. Perhaps woman's rights will have to come in here.

A few days since about half a dozen young men, whose ages range from 15 to 20 years, repaired to the barn of a widow lady and with cards and other things necessary for a good time, proceeded to business. The owner of the barn not being pleased with their proceedings entered the barn, thinking her presence would cause them to leave, but it not having the desired effect she requested them to retire as she did not wish people to think she kept a gaming establishment.

GLOVER.

J. & A. Drew have sold their saw mill to Edwin Bodwell for \$2100.

Mr. N. B. Dodge lost a valuable cow a few days since.

The statistics of the town for the past year show 12 marriages, 21 births and 26 deaths.

Mr. E. Hovey, who has been visiting his friends in town and vicinity for several weeks, started last week for his home in the West.

Mr. John Phillips, well known in this community, who for the past few years has resided in the edge of Sheffield, has exchanged farms with a Mr. Powers of Hardwick, by paying \$650.

F. P. Cheney is having a lot of apple trees grafted with which to stock a nursery, to consist of the new Russian varieties and such others as have proved hardy enough to endure the hard seasons of the past few years.

IRASBURGH.

There are now two boarders at the jail.

Henry Wells and wife have moved into B. B. Jackson's house.

James Grant of Albany, spent the night of the 13th of March in jail for being drunk and disturbing the peace.

The Congregational Ladies Aid Society raised nearly one-tenth of the funds raised and used in repairing the Congregational Church.

Jack and Leon Hull of St. Johnsbury have opened a carriage and repair shop, in the old meeting house shop, which has stood empty and unused for so long a time.

It gives a rural aspect to our streets to fill them with hogs and cattle. Why don't more lend a helping hand in furnishing a supply of hogs and cattle? Be public spirited.

Capt. Eben Grant is doing quite a business at lumbering this winter. He has drawn to the bank of Black River about twelve hundred logs, and hasn't got through yet.

The last dancing school for the season came off at the Irasburgh House the evening of March 12th. It cannot be said that the school has been productive of temperance, good morals or any thing else that can be called by the name of good.

It is a fruitful time for Drs. Templeton & Rowell, owing to prevailing sickness. Of course it's a tough time for the patients; though they find themselves in humane hands when they entrust themselves to either of these gentlemen.

Owing to the deep snows, but very little lumber, compared with what was cut and drawn last winter, has been drawn this. Both Colton's and Allen's mills are very lightly stocked. The former mill has already cut out nearly all the lumber it now has on hand, but will receive a limited supply when the river opens in the spring.

Thursday, March 13, M. L. Duncan was arrested on complaint of State's Attorney, W. D. Crane, for selling liquor, and brought before justice S. H. Howard. Respondent said he had sold liquor but had done so as the agent of the proprietor of the Irasburgh House. Case continued March 19, at 10 o'clock A.M. Why not prosecute the grocery keeper who is selling cider, ale and beer, if nothing stronger, to the boys of the town, and who allows them to gamble for the "good stuff" he has to sell, thus allowing them to take the first lessons required to fit them for becoming black-legs and sots? Who will answer, nay?

TROY.

Eighty couple attended a cotillion party at the Frontier Hotel at North Troy last Wednesday eve. An excellent band of music—five pieces—furnished the music under the direction of Mr. Thomas, and every thing passed off pleasantly.

Granger delivered a temperance lecture at North Troy last Thursday eve, to a large and attentive audience and every one spoke in high terms of the lecture. At the close of the meeting a large number of young ladies and gentlemen signed the pledge.

WESTMORE.

D. J. Orne has bought a half interest in the Willoughby Lake scythe stone business, of his brother J. C. Orne.

The village school closed Saturday, March 8th, with an exhibition, which gave much credit to the scholars and their estimable teacher, Miss Nettie Cullen.

Our religious lectures are under the direction of Rev. Mr. Bordeaux, an advent preacher from Barton Landing. The attendance is quite large and considerable interest is manifested.

A house belonging to J. C. Orne, and used to label his scythe stones in, recently took fire from a defective stove pipe and came near being consumed, but by the timely aid of the neighbors the flames were extinguished without much damage being done. The loss would have been quite large had it burned, as it contained several hundred dollars worth of scythe stones.

SUTTON.

Dr. Joel Warner has sold his place at the village to Samuel N. Whipple. Dr. Warner goes to Clinton, Mass. He sells stock; and household furniture at auction, March 25.

Eastman & Cree's band gave a concert on the 8th inst., for the purpose of assisting to raise the salary of Rev. F. L. Willey for the coming year. Those who were to be most benefitted and who should have been most interested—the church members—showed their appreciation of the kindness of the Eastmans and their associates by turning out to the number of twelve. The church numbers two hundred members. The receipts were 7 dollars.

Rev. J. W. Malcolm gave his lecture, "In a tub, and how to get out" here last Friday eve. The audience numbered about one hundred. Those present were more than satisfied. It was a rich and rare treat to us. We cannot speak too highly of the lecture or its author. The lecture itself would read well in print, but one must hear and see to appreciate it. In the humorous, he would not suffer in comparison with Warner nor in the tragic with Booth. His delineations of character are perfect. He has only to become known, to be universally popular as a lecturer.

A CALL FROM GEORGIA.—The South is at last waking up to the real condition of things within her borders, and some of her most practical and clear headed men are urging a departure from the old time policy which resulted so disastrously a decade since. Before the war the Southern people were opposed to immigration, either from the North or from foreign countries. The five years' struggle taught them their folly, and they are now anxious to repair their great mistake. The Savannah Republic, in a late issue, has a vigorous article on the encouragement of immigration to that State, and urges the propriety of offering means of transportation to foreigners who are inclined to settle in the State. It is the duty of the South, it is argued, as well as the necessity, to supply the gaps in her population and resources by attracting the foreign immigrant into her midst, and there is nothing to prevent her doing this successfully except apathy and want of intelligent and well directed effort. The point of the wedge once driven in, the initiative once taken, by her Legislatures and executives, by the adoption of similar means employed by the North, and the work is half done already. "Let us," says the Republic, "have done with cant, with the parrot repetition of old slang, and the cultivation of old prejudices—and take this new departure in the right direction."—We are glad to see this evidence of returning wisdom, and hail, as its results, a regenerated South.

A WOODEN RAILROAD.—The wooden rail-roads in the vicinity of Quebec are attracting considerable attention. It appears that there are now 100 miles in operation. The gauge is 4 feet 8 1/2 inches. The running time is about 16 miles per hour, but trains have been run at the rate of 35 miles per hour. The rails are 4x7 inches, set up edgewise, and notched into the cross-ties 4 inches deep, and held by two wedges down in the notch on the outside of the rail. The ties are 8 inches thick, and laid 20 inches apart. The cars have four wheels, and some of the engines weigh thirty tons. In frosty weather the driving wheels have less adhesion than on metal rails, but no considerable difficulty is experienced from this cause. The rails will last from two to four years, according to the quality of the timber and the amount of the traffic. The cost of such roads is from \$4,000 to \$7,000 per mile. They seem to be very well adapted for light traffic, and, as soon as the business of such lines may require it, metal rails may be substituted for wood without any change in the equipment.

To shoot your victim but once is evidence of sanity, but according to the theory of the Scamell defence to shoot him half a dozen times is clear proof of mental irresponsibility." To the coming crowd of murderers, we commend this nice distinction. It seems a great shame that any assassin should come to the gallows, when the use of all the barrels of his revolver would raise a presumption of insanity sufficient to guarantee a disagreement of the jury, to a verdict of acquittal.

Poor Stanley did not get very favorable notices from the Chicago press. The morning after his recent lecture there, the Times said: "After one has seen the Henney and heard him cackle his story, one cannot help entertaining a rather poor opinion of the venerable doctor for allowing such a person to discover him."

The Republicans of the 1st Connecticut District have re-nominated Gen. Joseph R. Hawley for Hartford, Congress, by acclamation.

OUR WINTERS.

The excessive cold of the winter just past, as compared with that of preceding years, has been a matter of much comment, and a variety of causes have been assigned for it, none, however, being altogether conclusive. Scientific men tell us that as the world ripens it grows warmer, and that, from age to age and from year to year, the climatic change from cold to heat goes on steadily and uninterruptedly. Facts seem to support this theory, and accepting it as correct, we must look upon the past as an exceptional winter, whose backward change was owing to a temporary irregularity in the generally well-conducted terrestrial system. It is certain that, during the past fifty years—during the past twenty-five, even—there has been a change in our winters, both as to the fall of snow and in the degree of cold attendant upon the season. And, going further back, the records of the early history of this country furnish us with reliable data from which to draw comparisons. Sometimes inland farms and villages were blockaded for days and weeks by heavy falls of snow, accompanied by bitter cold. In those days rivers and bodies of water were frozen year after year that now are rarely touched by the action of the frost.

Not a hundred years ago, in 1780, the Chesapeake Bay was frozen solid from its head to the mouth of the Potomac, and at Annapolis, where the distance from shore to shore is five miles, heavy teams were able to cross for several weeks. Such an event has not happened since, though in the exceptional year of 1865 there was a general freezing up of rivers and harbors throughout the country. In this city the harbor was covered with ice thick enough to bear crowds of people, who crossed to East Boston and down to the port daily for many days. Though the Chicago Inter-ocean, just received, insists that "navigation in Boston harbor is, at the present time, impeded by ice," such a state of things has not existed since the year mentioned.

In Europe the weather record reaches farther back, and if reliance can be placed upon history in this respect, we may be glad that we were not in the shoes of our forefathers. In the year 1035 there was so violent a frost in a midwinter day that the crops were all killed. Some three hundred years before, in Constantinople, a cold snap occurred, commencing in October and lasting until the following February, freezing the Mediterranean and the Black seas on either side over a hundred miles from shore. Hundreds of persons were frozen to death, and the commerce of the port was for a time thoroughly destroyed. Gibbon tells us that in early times the freezing of the streams and lakes of Central Europe was an unusual occurrence. The Baltic was frozen in 1658 so thick that the entire army of Charles X marched across it from Holstein to Denmark, a distance of fifty miles, with its train of baggage wagons, artillery and cavalry.

The year 1812 was rendered memorable in Europe by one of the severest winters that had occurred for many years, and that has never been surpassed since, with, perhaps, the exception of the winter of 1823. It performed for Russia a task she was unable to accomplish for herself, the destruction of the French army of invasion. The cold set in early in November, being so intense that whole battalions of men perished on the famous retreat, the fields and roads being fairly choked with dead soldiers and horses. The loss of the French army from this cause alone was over 200,000 men. It is a favorite theory of scientists that the clearing off of the timber of the country not only effects the rainfall but the snowfall, and also the general temperature. That supposition may be true in a degree, but there must be other causes, and deeper seated ones, at work. Doubtless, with the coming discoveries in science, we shall arrive at them, and be able to understand clearly and fully what now is mere matter of conjecture.—Boston Globe.

THE NEW EL DORADO.

The purchase or rather the leasing of the Peninsula of Samana in the Island of San Domingo by a private company of moneyed men is a new feature in the commercial history of our country. The lease is for 99 years, at an annual rental of \$150,000, cheap enough if half the benefits and advantages ever accrue from it that the company predict and anticipate. According to the report of Dr. Howe, the resident director, it is a land of clear and ever flowing brooks, ever blooming flowers and ever tepid crystal seas, where unlimited cotton and sugar can be raised, unlimited gold mined, and which must eventually become the refuge of the poor and oppressed of all nations, and the great mart of the world's commerce. And in the midst of our snow and hail, wild winds and wintry weather, it is pleasant to hear of a land where it is always summer. To the emigrant it holds out all the allurements which hang around little Southern sky, where no fuel and little clothing are required, where less food is necessary to support life and where the rigors of our Northern climate, which tell so severely upon the emigrants strength and endurance, are unknown. Time only can test the value of the purchase or the possible success of the undertaking, but it speaks well for the vigor and enterprise of the rich men of our day that they should be willing to risk their money in a field like this, which may be of incalculable benefit to the human race.

It induced a young man of Rochester, N. Y., to stab his father, last week, and while he was going to jail he regretted he had not killed him.

RECEIPTS FOR THE MONITOR.

FOR THE WEEK ENDING MAR. 11, 1873.
Willis Salisbury, Barton, \$2.00
Milton Bernard, " 2.00
E. G. Whitaker, " 2.00
H. A. Woodman, Barton, Mass., 2.00
J. McQuinn, Westfield, 2.00
L. S. Syc, Coventry, 2.00
T. S. Fisher, Barton Landing, 2.00
H. S. Rickford, Glover, 2.00
O. F. Wright, Westfield, 2.00
W. S. Alford, Barton, 2.00
A. C. Bryant, Irasburgh, 2.00
A. Patterson, Albany, 2.00
F. Fisk, Barton, 2.00
M. W. Ayer, Glover, 2.00
Lewis Ford, Barton Landing, 2.00
G. W. Fiske, Irasburgh, 2.00
E. C. Rowell, Albany, 2.00
J. W. Howard, Irasburgh, 2.00
F. H. Conner, " 2.00
C. J. Metcalf, " 2.00
J. G. Gorham, Coventry, 2.00
J. Richey, Greenboro, 2.00
H. J. Caswell, Barton Landing, 2.00
R. H. Dorcy, Barton, 2.00
F. A. Robinson, Wolcott, 2.00
Gen. W. W. Grout, Barton 2.00
A. F. McNeil, " 2.00
G. Leland, " 2.00
O. S. Dorman, Newport, 2.00
A. S. Ware, Irasburgh, 2.00
Pearly Hill, " 2.00
H. J. Caswell, Barton Landing, 2.00
Charles Owen, Coventry, 2.00
J. W. Heath, Barton, 2.00
J. S. Dorman, Glover, 2.00
F. D. Davis, East Charleston, 2.00
J. W. Howard, Irasburgh, 2.00
H. J. Fisher, Irasburgh, 2.00
G. F. Fisher, Glover, 2.00
L. Barber, West Glover, 2.00
O. L. Gray, Glover, 2.00
N. Spalding, West Glover, 2.00
J. W. Howard, Irasburgh, 2.00
S. Wheeler, Lyndonville, 2.00
S. Barrows, Brownstown, 1.00

MARRIED.

In Brownstown, March 13, by Rev. A. A. Smith, J. Wright of Barton Landing, and Nora G., daughter of Den. Wm. Spencer of Brownstown.

DIED.

All notices of deaths inserted free; obituary notices and poetry five cents per line.

In Norwich, Conn., Feb. 17, Alonzo, son of S. Bemis, late of Barton, aged 19 years.

In Peacham, March 3, Fannie M. Cutting, wife of James B. Barton, and daughter of Stephen C. Cutting of Concord, aged 26 years.

In Concord, N. H., March 9, Mrs. Amanda A. Cogges, wife of Rev. E. L. Cogges. Mrs. C. was formerly from Glover.

SHADRACK ORDWAY'S ESTATE.

Commissioner's Notice.
The subscribers, being appointed by the honorable Probate Court for the district of Orleans, commissioners to receive, examine, and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Shadrack Ordway, late of Coventry, in said district, deceased, represented by and for the heirs of the said deceased, do hereby give notice that the 13th day of March 1873, being allowed by said court to the creditors of the deceased, to exhibit and prove their respective claims before us: Give notice, that we will attend to the duties of our appointment in the dwelling house of Anna F. Ordway, in Coventry, in said district, on the 26th day of April and 13 day of September next, at one o'clock in the afternoon, on each of said days.

I. C. SMITH, DAVID GILLES, Commrs.
Coventry, March 13th A. D. 1873. 11-13

LOST! A NOTE OF \$600 ON BANK OF ORLEANS, signed by Elisha Foster, Wm. Twombly and S. R. Jenkins. All persons are notified to have nothing to do with said note for payment is subject to the same. No good receipt will be given. ELISHA FOSTER, Barton Landing, March 13, 1873. 11-13

15 YOKES

Good Working Cattle

FOR SALE

—BY—

O. & C. STEAM MILL CO.,

SOUTH BARTON, VT.

The Centaurs of old were half horse and half man. They consorted with animals—conquered mankind—lived upon the flowers of the century plant—made one of their number God of the healing art—transferred their name and home to the constellation Centaurus, and raised the devil generally. But the great Centaur Liniment for stiff joints, rheumatism, swellings and lameness upon man or beast, is now astonishing the world. And astonishes because it does its work.

Children Cry—For Pitcher's Castoria.

It regulates the stomach, cures wind colic and causes natural sleep. It is a substitute for castor oil.

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BOSTON WHOLESALE PRODUCE MARKET

THE MONITOR.

A. D. HIBBARD.

Jobbing and Commission Dealer in BUTTER, CHEESE, FLOUR, LARD, EGGS, BEANS, DRIED APPLE, &c.

21 JOHN STREET, BOSTON, MASS.

VERMONT BUTTER.

Choice Tube, per pound, 34 a 36
Fair to good, " 22 a 30
Common, " 14 a 20

VERMONT CHEESE.

Factory, per pound, 16 a 17
Farm Dairy, good, " 14 a 15
Farm Dairy, Common, " 10 a 12

FLOUR.

St. Louis and Illinois, per barrel, 11.50 a 12.50
Ohio and Michigan, " 9.00 a 10.50
Common Extra, " 6.00 a 8.50
Superfine, " 6.00 a 6.50

LARD.

Tierces, per pound 9 a 12
Tubs, " 9 a 12

EGGS.

Fresh, per dozen, 25 a 26
Marrow, hand picked, per bushel, 2.75 a 2.90
Pine, hand picked, " 3.50 a 3.61
Medium, " 2.00 a 2.12
Mixed, " 1.00 a 1.50

DRIED APPLE.

Maine, sliced, choice, per pound, 8 a 9
Maine and N. H., quart's, choice, " 8 a 9
Maine, quartered, common, " 7 a 8
Western, " 6 a 7

POULTRY.

Turkeys, fresh killed, per pound, 18 a 20
Turkeys, common, " 18 a 20
Chickens, fresh, " 18 a 20
Common, " 12 a 15
Geese, " 10 a 13

MEAT.

Clean, per barrel, 17.00 a 18.00
Mess, " 15.00 a 16.00
Fresh Hogs, " 6 a 12
Hams, Smoked, " 10 a 13

SUNDRIES.

Pressed Hay, per ton, 24.00 a 28.00
Hops, per pound, 40 a 50
Star